



# Final Presentation

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# Mission - Recording sound of HEPTA during flight

- Human use many senses to sense our environment, but satellite sends only numerical data and photo.
- Numerical data is takes time for human to analyze. Photo takes time to be downlinked. Sound is easy to send and tells us more about satellite's current situation.
- **MISSION:** Analyze the activity of HEPTA during launch, deployment, and landing using a condenser microphone. The recorded sound will be sent at real time and stored to microSD.



# Criteria

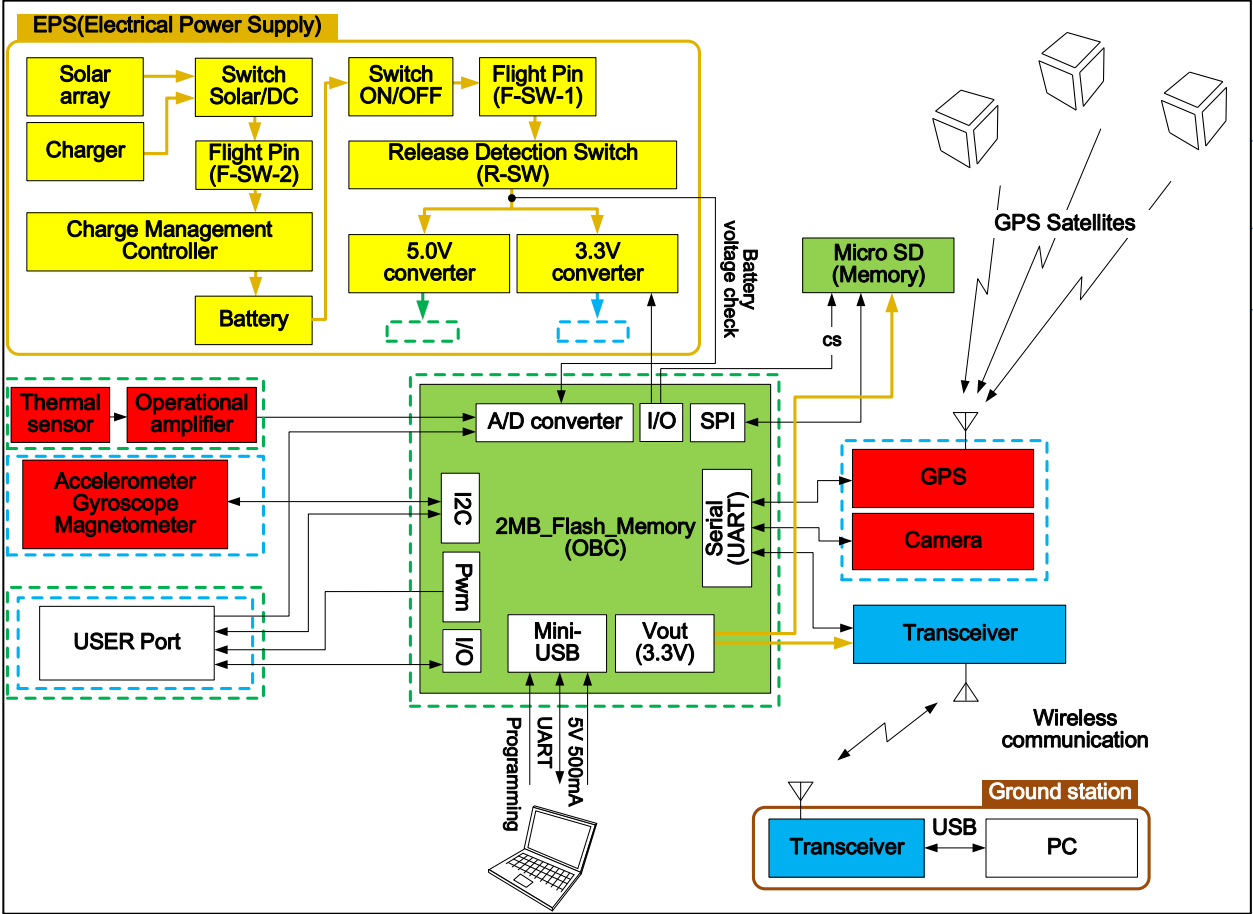
- Minimum Success
  - Record the volume of sound only (non-audible; sampling rate  $\sim 2000\text{Hz}$ ).
- Full Success
  - Identify the point of launch, deployment, and landing from the acquired data.
- Extra Success
  - Record and send audible sound of the whole launch sequence (sampling rate  $4000\text{Hz}\sim$ ; c.f. phone uses sampling rate of  $8000\text{Hz}$ ).

# Mission Requirements

- In addition to bus requirements :
  - SD can be opened
  - Sound data can is observed

No.	Event	Requirement	Required Function	verification way
R-1	Preparation phase	...	...	...
R-2		...	...	...
R-3		...	...	...
R-4	Standby time phase	Battery voltage is 4.0 V or more	Function to charge from the External source	Confirm battery is charged
R-5		...	...	...
R-6		...	...	...
R-7	Launch phase	Send the sensing start command	Function to send commands	...
R-8		Receive command, wait for sensing	...	...
.		Save latitude, longitude, altitude, barometric pressure	...	...
.		...	...	...
R-18	Mission phase	...	...	...
R-19		...	...	...
.		...	...	...
.		...	...	...
R-25	Analysis phase	...	...	...
R-26		...	...	...
R-13		...	...	...

# Bus System Architecture



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3.3V

GND



Created by Aya Sofya from Noun Project



# SD Subsystem - Data Analysis Method

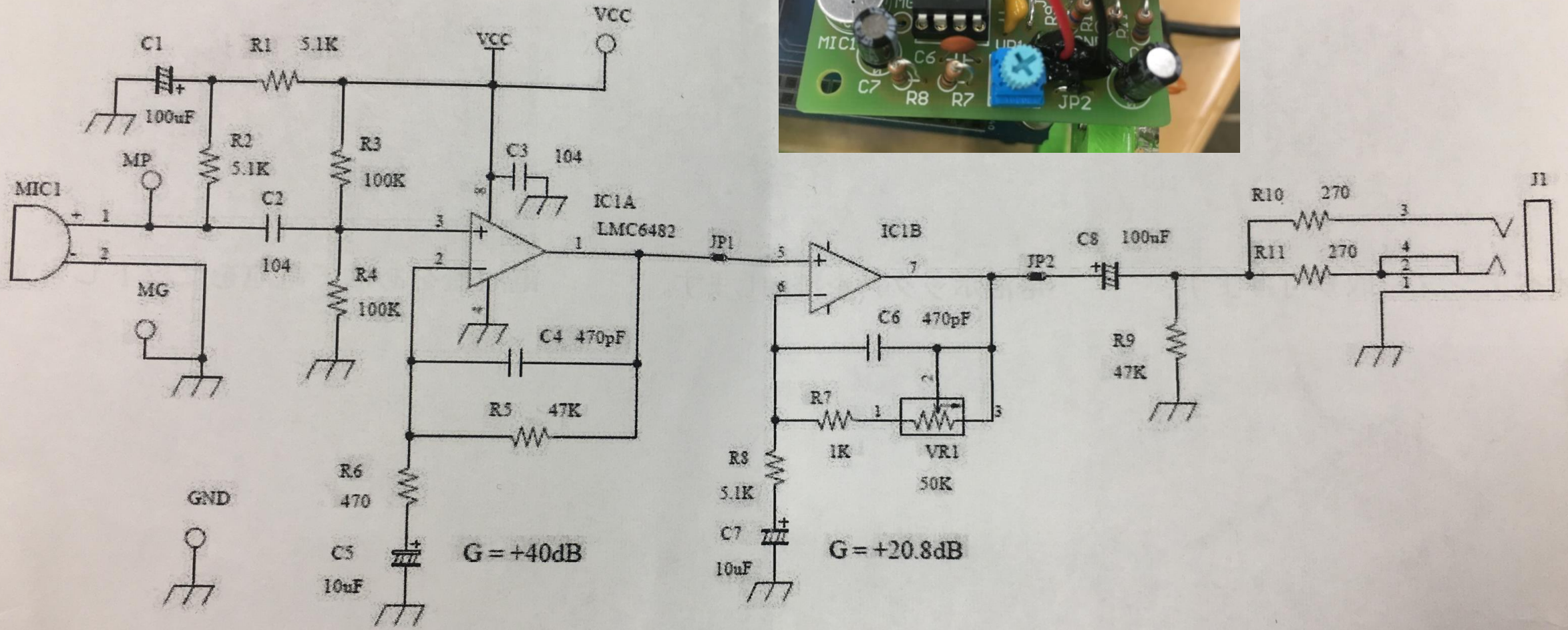
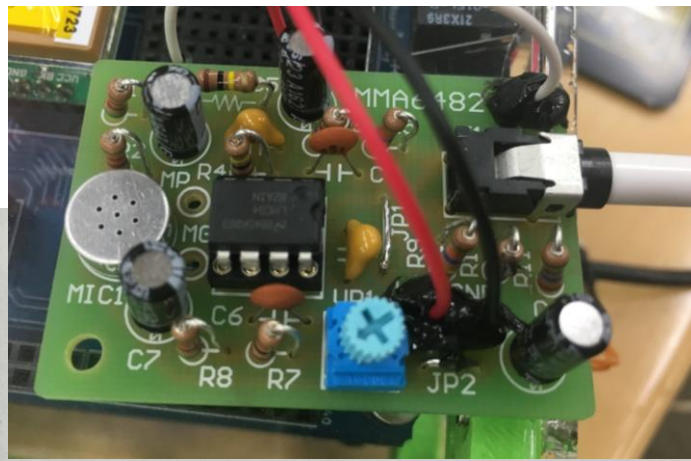
- Data was recorded to SD in ASCII.
  - One sampling data was recorded as single letter in ascii
- Data was changed to wav using Python package SciPy
  - `wav_array = np.fromfile(csv_name+'.txt', dtype=np.uint8, count=-1)`  
`scipy.io.wavfile.write(csv_name+'.wav', sampling_rate, wav_array)`
- 16.21 [seconds]/30 [loop]
- 1 [loop] = 10,000 [record]
- Sampling rate =  $\frac{30}{16.21} * 10000 = 18507$  [Hz]

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# Microphone subsystem

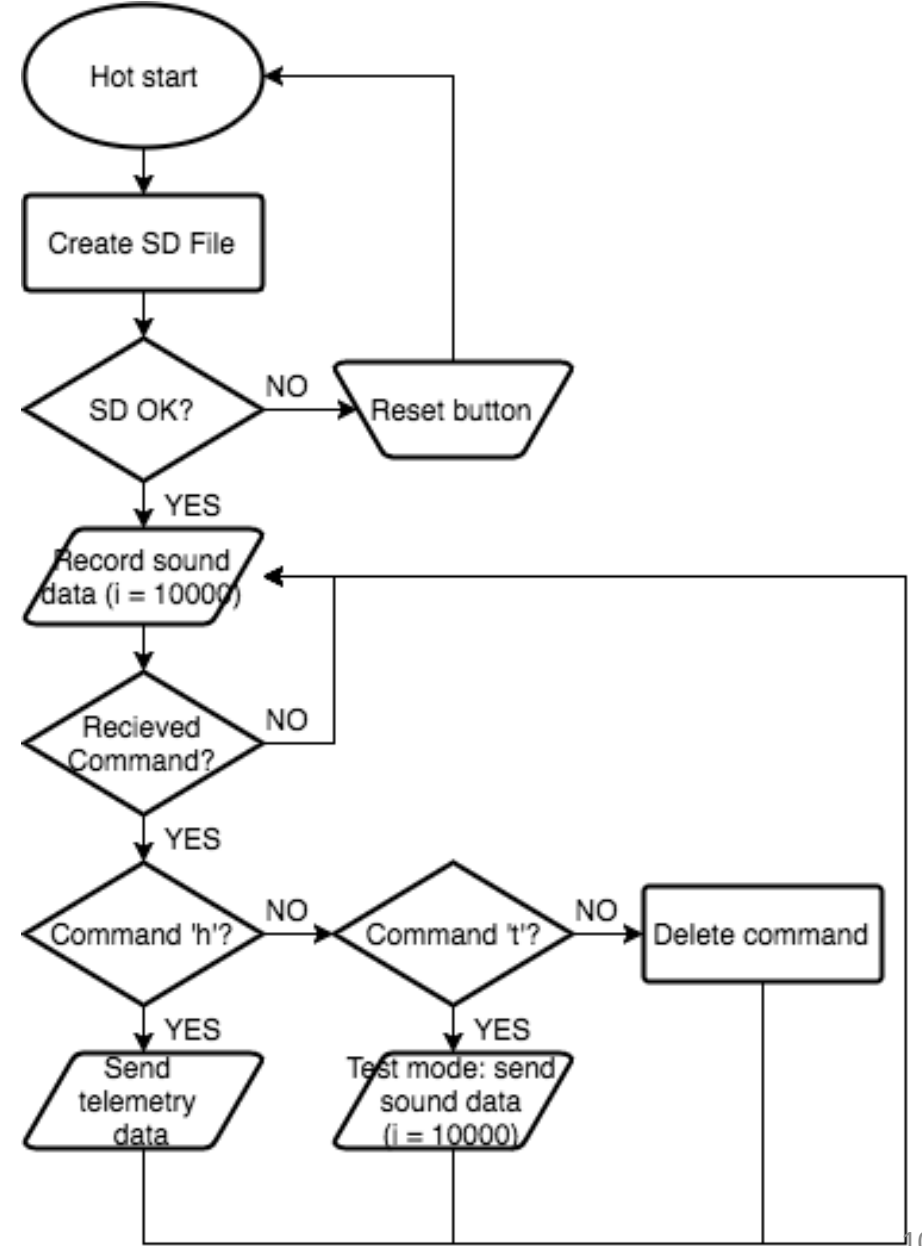


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# Mission Sequence

- Continuously records sound while waiting for a command
- When it receives command from ground station, it goes into test mode or sends telemetry data



# Validation and Verification Testing

The image shows a Mac desktop environment. On the left, a terminal window titled '170912\_graph realtime.py' displays Python code for data acquisition and plotting. The code imports numpy, scipy.io, matplotlib, and serial. It prompts for a file name, loads data from a CSV file, and plots it. A serial port is configured to '/dev/tty.usbserial-DN02P9PJ' at 9600 baud. A while loop reads data from the serial port and writes it to 'text.txt'. A status bar at the bottom of the terminal shows 'Ln: 30 Col: 9'.

On the right, a CoolTerm window titled 'CoolTerm\_0' shows a list of received data points: 'num = 487' through 'num = 510'. The window has a menu bar with options like New, Open, Save, Connect, Disconnect, Clear Data, Options, View Hex, and Help. A status bar at the bottom of the CoolTerm window shows 'usbserial-DN02P9PJ / 9600 8-N-1' and 'Connected 00:00:45'. Below the status bar, there are status indicators for TX, RX, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, and RI, all of which are green. A file list at the bottom of the CoolTerm window shows 'testttt.wav', 'testttt.txt', 'testttt.wav', and 'text.txt'. A status bar at the bottom of the CoolTerm window shows 'Ln: 27 Col: 20'.

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# Flight Result: First Attempt

- No result
- Reason:
  - The code was written in a bad manner; Mbed deleted and rewrote the file 'text.txt' every time it was reset.
  - Reset button functioned and data was deleted upon impact of landing

# Flight Result: Second Attempt

- Changed code: checked if file 'text%d.txt', i existed or not, and created the first file that did not exist.
  - It doesn't delete file when it is reset!
- Got audible sound data at sampling rate of 18507 Hz
- Point of launch, deployment, and landing could be analyzed

# Flight Result: Second Attempt

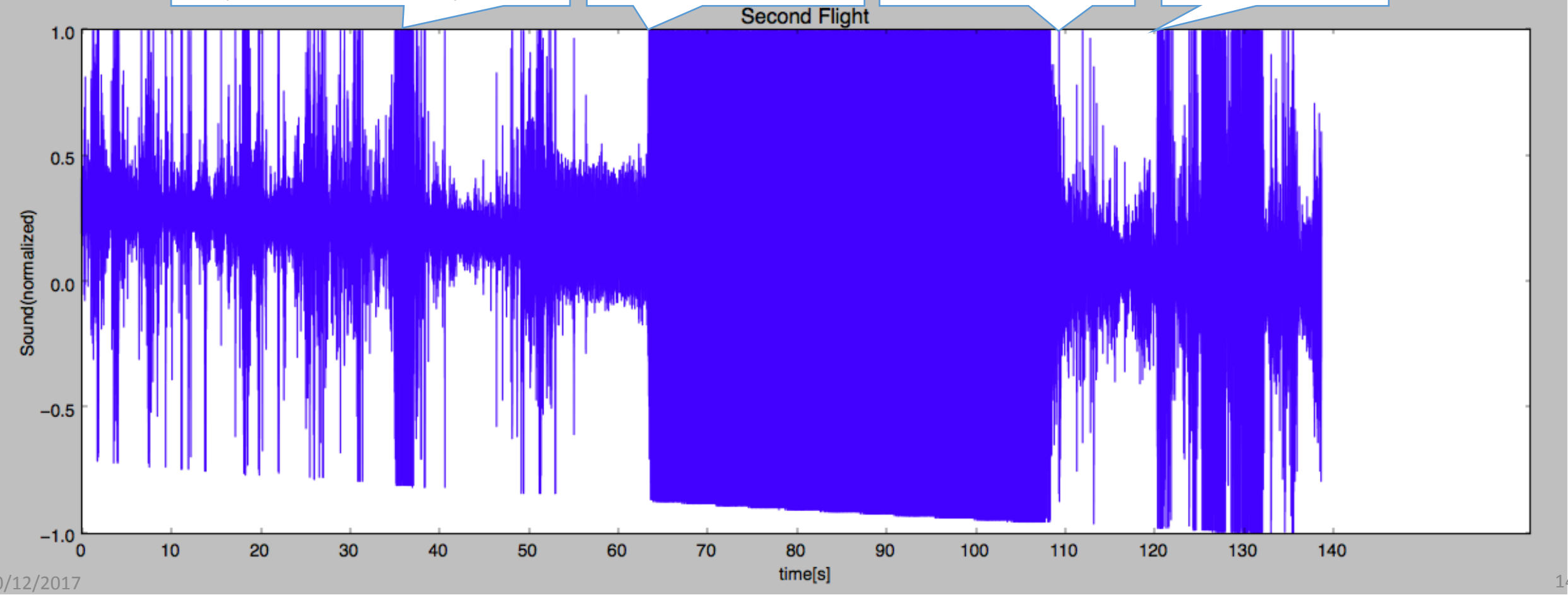


今から試験始めます  
(I will start the test); 35s

Point of Launch; 63s

Deployment; 108s

Landing; 122s



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# Flight Result: Second Attempt

- Launch; 63s (From Launch: 0s)
  - Deployment; 108s (From Launch: 45s)
  - Landing; 122s (From Launch: 59s)
- Matches well with the data from video
  - Launch – Deployment; 46s      Launch – Landing; 60s

CLTP-8 Drop test			2nd Drop					
Family Name	First Name	Middle Name	knot check	Binding check	Weight[g]	wind velocity [m/s]	altitude[m]	Time[sec]
Yamasaki	Tomoyuki		○	○	360	2.4	50	13

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# Conclusions

- Minimum Success **SUCCESS!!**
  - Record the volume of sound only (non-audible; sampling rate  $\sim 2000\text{Hz}$ ).
- Full Success **SUCCESS!!**
  - Identify the point of launch, deployment, and landing from the acquired data.
- Extra Success **Partial SUCCESS!!**
  - Record and send audible sound of the whole launch sequence (sampling rate  $4000\text{Hz}\sim$ ; c.f. phone uses sampling rate of  $8000\text{Hz}$ ).
- **Unsuccessful** Test was done in SD saving mode; data was not sent wireless
- **Successful** Sampling rate was much higher than Extra Success criterion.



# Recommendation and Future Work (Mission)

- Downlink recorded sound from HEPTA sd via Xbee.
  - Should be easy
- Decrease the gain of the circuit
  - Some sound data was going off limit
- Use a mbed with faster, higher impedance AD converter
  - Faster AD converter will increase accuracy, higher impedance will decrease noise
- Send the live audio data to ground station and play real time sound
  - Xbee communication? – Sampling rate may not be enough(xbee send command will slow down the loop); converting to audio file may be difficult.
  - FM transmitter? – Seems like a good way!

# Thank you!!

# Feedback and Recommendation (CLTP)

- Thank you very much for this intensive course!
- More time to design mission
  - Let participant know of HEPTA's interface, they may be able to bring their own sensor
- CDR should be more critical
  - Some mission may have low possibility of success. Earlier feedback is desired.
  - May be take individual consulting time to improve each participants' mission.
- Launch can be much more efficient
  - Have each participant prepare a concrete launch sequence (what program to bring from home, what verification must be done before launch etc...)

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# Feedback and Recommendation (CLTP)

- Example of functions
  - Some example (sample program) along with the function list would have been helpful.
  - `void vol(float* bt); ....` What happens to `bt`?
- Making action item and notice discrete
  - It was hard for me to understand if a slide was something that I had to do or something that I should just read and understand.
- Offline IDE might have been better
  - Sometimes online IDE server fails
  - Can be used at launch site too
- Taking picture function should be changed to not to overwrite
  - Add a line like `if(fp_jpeg = fopen(fname, "r")) break;`

# Feedback and Recommendation (CLTP)

- Diagram of circuit
  - In paper. I want to get the big picture of how HEPTA works.
- Parts list
  - Parts list should include type number
  - Parts' bags could be labeled with Number so it is easier to find.
- Slides
  - Slide number
  - Subtitles are sometimes ambiguous (see next two slides)
- How can we go further?
  - Where to find launch, radio module that can be used from space, how to do thermal design etc.

# Slide Title

- Content A
- Content B
- Content C
- Content D

# Slide Title

- Content A
- Content E
- Content F
- Content G

Am I reading the same slide??

Oh, it's a different slide!!